Environmental footprint of electric vehicles

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Personal vehicles and greenhouse gas emissions

Personal vehicles contribute substantially to total emissions



of global GHG emissions



Personal vehicles and greenhouse gas emissions Personal vehicles contribute substantially to total emissions



of global GHG emissions of U.S. GHG emissions



Technological alternatives exist to reduce emissions

But what is their emissions reduction potential, and what does it depend on?



Greenhouse gas emissions vs air pollutant emissions



Greenhouse gas emissions vs air pollutant emissions





Greenhouse gas emissions vs air pollutant emissions



Air pollutant emissions (Particulate matter, NO_x, SO_x, ...) Pollutant concentration in air Human health Soil quality Water quality





Lifecycle perspective for evaluating emissions

Fuel feedstock Crude oil extraction, • natural gas extraction **Fuel production** Oil refining, electricity, ...



Lifecycle perspective for evaluating emissions



Lifecycle perspective for evaluating emissions



Three key challenges to evaluating emissions

1 Uncertainties in emission accounting



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2 Dependence on regional conditions



Three key challenges to evaluating emissions

1 Uncertainties in emission accounting

2 Dependence on regional conditions





3 High diversity of technologies and vehicle models



Emissions of personal vehicles under average conditions <u>Electric vehicles reduce emissions by 50%</u>, fuel cell vehicles by 40%



Based on: Miotti, Supran, Kim, and Trancik, *ES*&*T* (2016).

Lithium-ion battery and fuel cell stack production

Batteries and fuel cells only contribute a few % to total emissions



Based on: Miotti, Supran, Kim, and Trancik, *ES*&*T* (2016).

Uncertain battery emission

Even under pessimistic assumptions, electric vehicles perform well



Based on: Miotti, Supran, Kim, and Trancik, *ES*&*T* (2016).

Sensitivity of emissions to fuel production pathways

Diversity in fuel production pathways (including electricity) has major impact



Based on: Miotti, Supran, Kim, and Trancik, ES&T (2016).

Emission reduction of electric vehicles depend on where they are driven

Electricity mix Affects emissions for charging EVs



Difference in emissions: kgCO₂eq/year



Emission reduction of electric vehicles depend on where they are driven

Electricity mix Affects emissions for charging EVs

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Local climate Affects fuel economy



Difference in emissions: kgCO₂eq/year



Emission reduction of electric vehicles depend on where they are driven

Electricity mix Affects emissions for charging EVs

Local climate Affects fuel economy



Trip distance and speed distribution Affects fuel economy





Emission reduction of electric vehicles depend on where they are driven

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Annual miles traveled Affects impact of production emissions and cumulative annual emission reductions



Difference in emissions: kgCO₂eq/year



Carboncounter.com

An interactive tool for consumers to explore emissions and costs of cars





 Battery electric vehicles reduce greenhouse gas emissions by almost 50% on average compared to conventional gasoline vehicles.



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2 Emission reductions of electric vehicles strongly depend on electricity mix and regional conditions.



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2 Emission reductions of electric vehicles strongly depend on electricity mix and regional conditions.

3 Tools that provide information to consumers are important and can impact consumer preferences.

A message from Professor Jessika Trancik



II The environmental impacts of electric vehicles have been much debated. This work shows how important it is to tease out the different contributing factors, such as travel behaviors and energy infrastructure. Only by understanding these factors can we accurately assess the benefits of vehicle electrification, and how these benefits change over time and space. And, in this way, the research can inform decisions at diverse scales, from nations to cities, and even individual consumers. A similar approach can be applied to understanding the impacts of many other technologies.

Thank you

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